



ST PETER'S C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE POLICY

Reviewed and Ratified by Governors 23rd September 2025

Vision Statement

'Faith, Family, Future'

Jesus built his church upon the strength of St Peter – who was his rock. At St Peter's, we provide a solid foundation on which our community thrives through our rich, aspirational curriculum. As a family, we nurture and unlock individual potential through mutual love and respect; enabling all to flourish now and in the future.

'Each of you should use whatever gift you have received to serve others'

1 Peter 4 v10

INTRODUCTION

St Peter's is committed to providing an excellent education for pupils of all abilities. High attendance is essential for children to work to their potential, be successful and benefit from the opportunities available to them at their school. For our pupils to gain the greatest benefit from their education, it is vital that they attend regularly since high attendance is also a necessity in preparing them for their future life as a working adult.

We are committed to meeting our obligation with regards to school attendance. Through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, we intend to

- Promote good attendance
- Reduce absence, including persistent and severe absence
- Ensure every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Act early to address patterns of absence
- Promote and support punctuality to lessons
- Build strong relationships with families to ensure pupils have the support in place to attend school.

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St Peter’s Primary School is committed to the continuous raising of achievement of all our pupils. Regular attendance is critical if our pupils are to be successful and benefit from the opportunities presented to them.

One of our basic principles is to celebrate success. Good attendance is fundamental to a successful and fulfilling school experience. We actively promote 100% attendance for all our pupils.

The Governors, Head Teacher and Staff, in partnership with parents, have a duty to promote full attendance at St Peter’s Primary

1. Aims

This policy aims to show our commitment to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education’s (DfE’s) statutory guidance on [working together to improve school attendance \(applies from 19 August 2024\)](#), through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils
- Promoting good attendance and the benefits of good attendance
- Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Acting early to address patterns of absence
- Building strong relationships with families to make sure pupils have the support in place to attend school

We will also promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on [working together to improve school attendance \(2024\)](#), [Summary table of responsibilities for school attendance \(2024\)](#) and [Toolkit for schools: communicating with families to support attendance \(2024\)](#). The guidance is based on the following pieces of legislation, which set out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of the [Education Act 1996](#)
- Part 3 of the [Education Act 2002](#)
- Part 7 of the [Education and Inspections Act 2006](#)
- [The Education \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2006 \(and 2010, 2011, 2013, and 2016 amendments\)](#)
- [The School Attendance \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2024](#)
- [The Education \(Penalty Notices\) \(England\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2013 and the 2024 amendment](#)

It also refers to:

- [School census guidance](#)
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools](#)

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The governing board

The governing board is responsible for:

- Setting high expectations of all school leaders, staff, pupils and parents
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties, including:
 - Making sure the school records attendance accurately in the register, and shares the required information with the DfE and local authority
 - Making sure the school works effectively with local partners to help remove barriers to attendance, and keeps them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Recognising and promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure the school's attendance management processes are delivered effectively, and that consistent support is provided for pupils who need it most by prioritising staff and resources
- Making sure the school has high aspirations for all pupils, but adapts processes and support to pupils' individual needs
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Working with school leaders to set goals or areas of focus for attendance and providing support and challenge
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school's processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils' needs
- Where the school is struggling with attendance, working with school leaders to develop a comprehensive action plan to improve attendance

- Making sure all staff receive adequate training on attendance as part of the regular continued professional development offer, so that staff understand:
 - The importance of good attendance
 - That absence is almost always a symptom of wider issues
 - The school's legal requirements for keeping registers
 - The school's strategies and procedures for tracking, following up on and improving attendance, including working with partners and keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Making sure dedicated training is provided to staff with a specific attendance function in their role, including in interpreting and analysing attendance data
- Holding the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy

3.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- The implementation of this policy at the school
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary, and/or authorising Ms Tuckett to be able to do so
- Working with the parents of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers
- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC) plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's needs
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents through all available channels

3.3 The designated senior leader responsible for attendance

The designated senior leader (also known as the 'senior attendance champion') is responsible for:

- Leading, championing and improving attendance across the school
- Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes, by establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence, and making sure they are followed by all staff
- Having a strong grasp of absence data and oversight of absence data analysis
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating progress in attendance
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence, and making sure they are followed by all staff
- Liaising with pupils, parents/carers and external agencies, where needed
- Building close and productive relationships with parents to discuss and tackle attendance issues
- Creating intervention or reintegration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents/carers

- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families

The designated senior leader responsible for attendance is Ms Ali Tuckett and can be contacted via 01303 255400 or inclusion@st-peters-folkestone.kent.sch.uk

3.4 The attendance officer

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

- Monitoring and analysing attendance data (see section 7)
- Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement
- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the designated senior leader responsible for attendance, and the headteacher
- Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence
- Advising the headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices
- Completing the statutory returns on KELSI

The attendance officer is Sarah Kennett and can be contacted via 01303 255400 or sarah.kennett@st-peters-folkestone.kent.sch.uk

3.5 Class Teachers

Class Teachers are responsible for recording attendance for both morning and afternoon sessions on a daily basis, using the correct codes (see Appendix 1), and submitting this information to the school office via SIMs.

3.6 School Office staff

School office staff will:

- Take calls from parents/carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents/carers to the Headteacher where appropriate, in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

3.7 Parents

Where this policy refers to a parent, it refers to the adult the school and/or local authority decides is most appropriate to work with, including:

- All natural parents, whether they are married or not
- All those who have parental responsibility for a child or young person
- Those who have day-to-day responsibility for the child (i.e. lives with and looks after them)

Parents are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 9.00am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
- Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Keep to any attendance contracts that they make with the school and/or local authority
- Seek support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance, by contacting Ms Tuckett, who can be contacted via 01303 255400 or inclusion@st-peters-folkestone.kent.sch.uk

3.8 Pupils

Pupils are expected to:

- Attend school every day, on time

4. Recording attendance

4.1 Attendance register

We will keep an electronic attendance register, and place all pupils onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark, using the appropriate national attendance and absence codes from the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024, whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- Absent
- Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- The date on which the amendment was made
- The name and position of the person who made the amendment

See Appendix 1 for the DfE attendance codes.

We will also record:

- Whether the absence is authorised or not
- The nature of the activity, where a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- The nature of circumstances, where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 6 years after the date on which the entry was made.

The school day starts at 8.40am and ends at 3.15pm.

Pupils must arrive in school by 8.40am on each school day.

The register for the first session will be taken at 8.40am and will be kept open until 9.00am. The register for the second session will be taken at 1.00pm and will be kept open until 1.10pm.

4.2 Unplanned absence

The pupil's parent must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 9.00AM, by calling the school office, who can be contacted via 01303 255400 or via the ParentMail App.

We will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised, unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where the absence is longer than 5 days, or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised and parents will be notified of this in advance.

4.3 Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent notifies the school in advance of the appointment. Parents should provide proof of the appointment to the office.

However, we encourage parents to make medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence. Go to section 5 to find out which term-time absences the school can authorise.

4.4 Lateness and punctuality

A pupil who arrives late:

- Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code
- After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code

Where a child is late on more than three occasions in one term, a meeting will be called to discuss the concerns and reasons behind the lateness.

4.5 Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- Call the pupil's parent on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may carry out a home visit or call the police if there are concerns about the welfare of a child.
- Identify whether the absence is approved or not
- Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained – this will be no later than 5 working days after the session(s) for which the pupil was absent
- Call the parent on each day that the absence continues without explanation, to make sure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. These calls will be recorded. If absence continues, the school will consider involving an education welfare officer
- Where relevant, report the unexplained absence to the pupil's youth offending team officer
- Where appropriate, offer support to the pupil and/or their parents to improve attendance
- Identify whether the pupil needs support from wider partners, as quickly as possible, and make the necessary referrals
- Where support is not appropriate, not successful, or not engaged with, we may issue a notice to improve or a penalty notice.
- If an unexplained absence continues for 10 school days, the school will make a Child Missing Education (CME) referral to the local authority.

4.6 Reporting to parents

The school will regularly inform parents (see definition of 'parent', as used in this policy, in section 3.7 above) about their child's attendance and absence levels 3 times a year at the end of Term 2, 4 and 6.

5. Authorised and unauthorised absence

5.1 Approval for term-time absence

The headteacher will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The headteacher will only grant a **leave of absence** to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the [2024 school attendance regulations](#). These circumstances are:

- Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- Attending an interview
- Study leave
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- Exceptional circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

We define 'exceptional circumstances' as:-

- Religious observance – where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parents belong.
- Failure by the Local Authority to provide transport
- Traveller pupils travelling for occupational purposes. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision

Leave of absence will not be granted for a pupil to take part in protest activity during school hours.

As a leave of absence will only be granted in exceptional circumstances, leave of absence will **NOT** be granted for the purposes of a family holiday.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, circumstances and relevant background context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 4 weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, available from the office or on our website. The headteacher may require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Other valid reasons for **authorised absence** include (but are not limited to):

- Illness (including mental-health illness) and medical/dental appointments (see sections 4.2 and 4.3 for more detail)
- Religious observance – where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parent(s) belong(s). If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parent's religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart
- Parent(s) travelling for occupational purposes – this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision
- If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)

Other reasons the school may allow a pupil to be absent from the school site, which are not classified as absences, include (but are not limited to):

- Attending an offsite approved educational activity, sporting activity or visit or trip arranged by the school
- Attending another school at which the pupil is also registered (dual registration)
- Attending provision arranged by the local authority
- Attending work experience
- If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed

Unauthorised Absence

Unauthorised absences are those which the school does not consider reasonable and for which no "leave" has been given. With unauthorised absence, the school does not agree that the reason given by a parent is acceptable. This type of absence can lead to the Local Authority using sanctions and/or legal proceedings. Unauthorised reasons include:

- Parents/carers keeping children off unnecessarily
- Truancy before or during the school day
- Absences which have never been properly explained
- Pupils who arrive at school after the first session register has closed
- Shopping, looking after other children or birthdays
- Day trips and holidays in term time, unless an authorised school trip
- Oversleeping
- Absence to look after an unwell sibling/family member
- Inadequate uniform
- Confusion over term dates
- School refusal

5.2 Sanction

Our school will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis.

Penalty notices

The headteacher (or someone authorised by them), local authority or the police can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice.

If the school issues a penalty notice, it will check with the local authority before doing so, and send it a copy of any penalty notice issued.

Before issuing a penalty notice, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether further support, a notice to improve or another legal intervention would be a more appropriate solution
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent/parents who allowed the absence.

The payment must be made directly to the local authority, regardless of who issues the notice. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

If issued with a **first** penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days.

If a **second** penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil, the parent must pay £160 if paid within 28 days.

A **third** penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification, during the first 5 days of a suspension or exclusion (where the school has notified the parents that the pupil must not be present in a public place on that day). These penalty notices are not included in the National Framework, not subject to the same considerations about support being provided, and do not count towards the limit as part of the escalation process.

Notices to improve

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, the school may offer a **notice to improve** to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

They will include:

- Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under [section 7 of the Education Act 1996](#)
- Details of the support provided so far
- Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with
- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-by-case basis
- A clear timeframe of the 20-day notice to improve period
- The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period

6. Strategies for promoting attendance

Helping to create a habit of regular attendance is everybody's responsibility - parents, pupils and all members of staff. To maintain a focus on this, we will maintain regular contact with parents and carers regarding their child's attendance and report regularly on how their child is attending. Letters will be sent in Terms 2, 4 and 6.

At St Peter's we have extensive rewards and incentives to celebrate and promote children's attendance with individual, class and whole school rewards based on 96%+ and 100% attendance. We know that every day matters and want to ensure that pupils are making the most of all the opportunities we provide them on a daily basis. Certificates are sent home in Term 2, 4 and 6. Attendance awards are given in Term 6 and we have a weekly class certificate for the class with the best attendance.

We do consider the circumstances of individuals and take them into account when rewarding children's attendance (for example, absences that are as a result of medical issues) to ensure that all children are rewarded fairly. However, we like to remind parents that the true reward of attendance will be seen in your child's progress, not only academically, but also socially, emotionally and through their personal growth.

7. Supporting pupils who are absent or returning to school

7.1 Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance

The school will use the school counsellor to support children/families where there are complex barriers to attendance. When there is little or no impact, the school will consider a referral to Early Help via the Children's portal or a referral the Education Welfare Officer.

7.2 Pupils absent due to mental or physical ill health or SEND

Where a pupil has an education health and care (EHC) plan and their attendance falls, or the school becomes aware of barriers to attendance that related to the pupil's needs, the school will inform the local authority.

Some pupils face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include pupils who suffer from long term medical conditions, mental illness or who have special educational needs and disabilities. Their right to an education is the same as any other pupil and therefore the attendance ambition for these pupils is the same as they are for any other pupil. However, in working with their parents to improve attendance, we will be mindful of the barriers these pupils face and put additional support in place where necessary to help them access their full-time education.

Pupils with long term illnesses or other physical or mental health needs may need additional support to continue their education, such as an alternative provision provided by the school or Local Authority.

For all pupils with SEND we will:

- Maintain a high ambition for attendance and work with pupils and parents to maximise attendance
- Ensure a joined up approach and where required, put in place additional support and adjustments, such as an individual healthcare plan
- If applicable, we will ensure the provision outlined in the pupil's EHCP is accessed
- Consider additional support from wider services and external partners, making timely referrals.

7.3 Pupils returning to school after a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence

We understand that being absent from school for a significant period of time can be a barrier to returning to school. We will ensure in these circumstances that an attendance meeting is held with the child, their family and class teacher to discuss any worries or concerns. We will also allocate a buddy to support the transition back into school.

8. Attendance monitoring

8.1 Monitoring attendance

The school will monitor attendance and absence data (including punctuality) daily, weekly, half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil, year group and cohort level.

Specific pupil information will be shared with the DfE on request.

The school has granted the DfE access to its management information system so the data can be accessed regularly and securely.

Data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics.

The school will benchmark its attendance data at whole school, year group and cohort level against local, regional, and national levels to identify areas of focus for improvement, and share this with the governing board.

8.2 Analysing attendance

The school will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify pupils, groups or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance, and
- Identify pupils whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence
- Conduct thorough analysis of half-termly, termly, and full-year data to identify patterns and trends
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

8.3 Using data to improve attendance

The school will:

- Develop targeted actions to address patterns of absence (of all severities) of individual pupils, groups or cohorts that it has identified via data analysis
- Provide targeted support to the pupils it has identified whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence, and their families (see section 8.4 below)
- Provide regular attendance reports to class teachers to facilitate discussions with pupils and families, and to the governing board and school leaders (including special educational needs co-ordinator, designated safeguarding leads and the pupil premium lead)
- Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies
- Share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities and other partners where a pupil's absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe, including keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate

8.4 Data returns

(see 'Working together' guidance, chapter 2, page 21 and regulation 13 of the School Attendance Regulations 2024).

St Peter's Primary School follows our statutory duty to share specific information from our registers with Kent County Council at particular points in accordance with Regulation 13 of The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024, including:

- When any pupil's name is added or deleted from the admission register outside of standard transition times. (The latter is also known as a deletion return).
- Names and addresses of all pupils of compulsory school age who have 10 continuous school days of unauthorised absence (codes N, O, G, U) recorded on their register (known as an attendance return).
- Names and addresses of all pupils of compulsory school age who have accumulated 15 school days of absence (code I) either consecutively and/or intermittently, as well as any pupil the school has reasonable grounds to believe will miss 15 continuous school days because of illness (known as a sickness return).

- Deletion, attendance and sickness returns must be made via the Digital Front Door on the Kelsi website.

8.5 Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school. Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

The school will:

- Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable or at risk of persistent or severe absence, or who are persistently or severely absent, to:
 - Discuss attendance and engagement at school
 - Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
 - Explain the help that is available
 - Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence
 - Review any existing actions or interventions
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance, in conjunction with the local authority, where relevant
- Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and re-engage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence
- Implement sanctions, where necessary (see section 5.2, above)

8.6 Children Missing in Education

Where a child is missing from education for 10 school days that are unexplained, or if a family moves away from the area or out of the country but does not register with another school, we will alert the Local Authority who will then take action according to the CME policy and procedures. Movement of children between local authorities and schools is tracked nationally.

9. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed as guidance from the local authority and/or DfE is updated, and as a minimum annually by Toni Browne. At every review, the policy will be approved by the full governing board.

10. Links with other policies

This policy links to the following policies:

- Child protection and safeguarding policy
- Behaviour policy

Appendix 1: attendance codes

The following codes are taken from the DfE's [guidance on school attendance](#).

Code	Definition	Scenario
/	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
Attending a place other than the school		
K	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority	Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority
V	Attending an educational visit or trip	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school
P	Participating in a sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
W	Attending work experience	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement
B	Attending any other approved educational activity	Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience
D	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
Absent – leave of absence		
C1	Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad	Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school
M	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment
J1	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment

S	Study leave	Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination
X	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend
C2	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable
C	Exceptional circumstances	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances
Absent – other authorised reasons		
T	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a ‘mobile child’ who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health)
E	Suspended or excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause		
Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school
Y1	Transport not available	Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available
Y2	Widespread disruption to travel	Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency
Y3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practicably be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open

Y4	Whole school site unexpectedly closed	Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)
Y5	Criminal justice detention	Pupil is unable to attend as they are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In police detention • Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or • Detained under a sentence of detention
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law
Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
Absent – unauthorised absence		
G	Holiday not granted by the school	Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session
Administrative codes		
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays

Appendix 2 – process for improving and supporting attendance

Date	Support	Staff Member	Description
Term 1 All terms <i>Daily monitoring of pupils with less than 95% attendance</i> <i>Weekly monitoring of data and termly analysis of all data</i>	On-going observation	Class Teacher <i>Pastoral Support officer</i> <i>Senior Attendance Champion</i>	Class teachers will keep an eye on attendance/punctuality and have quick catch-ups with parents and their children where there is an immediate concern.
November	Parent consultations	Class Teacher	Class teachers will share the attendance figure for the year so far with parents and discuss any concerns.
December	Data analysis	<i>Senior Attendance Champion</i>	SLT will analyse data and share the names and details of those pupils with attendance concerns with class teachers, highlighting those accessing PP.*
January	Letters sent home	Head Teacher and Senior Attendance Champion	Letters will be sent home to all parents / carers informing them of their child's attendance so far.
	Individual Meetings	Head Teacher and Senior Attendance Champion	Headteacher will arrange to meet with parents of those pupils identified as a concern to discuss the issues. (See agenda, script and strategies sections below)
March	Data analysis	Senior Attendance Champion	SLT will repeat the analysis process above, highlighting improvements/new pupils of concern.
March	Parent consultations	Class teacher	Low level concerns will be discussed at these meetings. Higher level concerns will be discussed at separate meetings after Easter.
April	Letters sent home	Head Teacher and Senior Attendance Champion	Letters will be sent home to all parents / carers informing them of their child's attendance so far.
	Individual Meetings	Head Teacher and Senior Attendance Champion	Headteacher will arrange to meet with parents of those pupils identified as a concern to discuss the issues. (See agenda, script and strategies sections below)
End of Term 5	Data analysis	<i>Senior Attendance Champion</i>	SLT to analyse data and ascertain impact of support and actions. To be shared with class teachers.
Term 6	Transition meetings	Class teachers and Teaching Assistants	Attendance / punctuality concerns to be shared as part of transition discussions.

Appendix 3 – Letter 1, bringing attention to attendance concern



Address

Date

Dear

Re: Name and class

We would like to draw your attention to name's attendance and would like to work with you to improve this. I have attached a summary of his/her attendance data for your information.

At St Peter's Primary, we really want every child to be in school every day but do understand that illness can affect attendance. When a child is absent it really impacts their learning, they miss out on teaching while they are away and are less prepared for future lessons when they return.

We would like to advise you that if a child's attendance remains poor, we may request supporting evidence for absences and appointments, as per our attendance policy.

We want to work with all families to support their child's attendance and encourage you to contact us, if we can assist further.

Yours sincerely

Ali Tuckett

Senior Attendance Champion/Deputy DSL
St Peter's Primary School

Appendix 4 – Letter 2, requesting meeting re attendance concern

Address

Date



Dear

Child's name and class

I am writing to update you with regards to **child's name** attendance, which is currently ??%.

We understand that some illness is unavoidable, however, we encourage our students to maintain a minimum of 96% attendance

I would therefore like to invite you to meet with me in order that we can discuss strategies to further support **child's name** to attend school regularly.

Please contact me on inclusion@st-peters-folkestone.kent.sch.uk to arrange a convenient time.

Yours sincerely

Ali Tuckett

Senior Attendance Champion/Deputy DSL
St Peter's Primary School

Appendix 5 – Letter re unauthorised absence



Date

Dear

Request for leave of absence during Term

Time Child's name and class

I have received your **email/written request** to take **child's name** out of school for a **xxx** on **xxx** , a total of **xxx** school sessions each.

From September 2013 the Department for Education has amended the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 removing the Head Teacher's ability to authorise leave of absence for a family holiday. Requests for leave of absence in term-time will **not** be authorised as the Regulations only allow absence to be authorised absence (leave) in "exceptional circumstance. Department for Education guidance starts that, '*Generally, a need or desire for a holiday or other absence for the purpose of leisure and recreation would not constitute an exceptional circumstance.*'

We expect pupils to attend school every day when the school is open and where there 10 unauthorised sessions for any reason (equivalent to 5 school days) within a rolling 10 school week period for when a penalty notice must be considered.

The School's Attendance Policy confirms that:

- agreement to each request is at my discretion, acting on behalf of the Governing Body
- each case will be judged on its merits
- my decision is final
- leave cannot be authorised retrospectively

I have considered the request but I am writing to confirm that the leave will not be authorised. If you decide to take **child's name** out of school the Attendance Service may issue a Penalty Notice.

For your information Penalty Notices are issued to **each parent/carer** of **each child** and the amount of the penalty will be £160 to be paid within 28 days, reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days. Failure to pay the penalty in full at the end of the 28 days period may result in prosecution by the Attendance Service.

Yours sincerely

Mrs Toni Browne

Headteacher

Appendix 6 – Letter re lateness notification



Date

Dear

Child's name and class

At St Peter's Primary School, we have high expectations of attendance and punctuality from all pupils. We strive for every child to be in school each day and on time. Regular attendance is essential to ensure children reach their potential both academically and socially.

Following a review of the year group's punctuality, we are writing to parents of those children whose punctuality is below expectations.

Child's first name has been late on a number of occasions, and as a result missed **x minutes** of school, and valuable learning time, this academic year. Persistent lateness can be distressing for the child, is disruptive to the class, and can affect learning as much as absence.

We are keen to work with you and to understand if there are any barriers to arriving on time or reasons for lateness, so we can together support your child, to ensure they reach their potential. If you would like to discuss the situation further, please do let me know and we can arrange to meet or have a phone conversation.

The school gates open at 08:30. Pupils must arrive in school by 8.40.

We are also obliged to inform you that we may request the support of our Attendance Officer at the Local Authority to identify and support with persistent lateness.

If you have any questions, or there is anything you wish to discuss, please do not hesitate to contact the school.

Yours sincerely

Ali Tuckett

Senior Attendance Champion / Deputy DSL

Appendix 7 – letter re meeting request to support lateness



Date

Child's name and class

Dear

At St Peter's Primary School, we have high expectations of attendance and punctuality from all pupils. We strive for every child to be in school each day and on time. Regular attendance is essential to ensure children reach their potential both academically and socially.

Following a review of the year group's punctuality, we are writing to parents of those children whose punctuality is below expectations.

Child's first name has been late on a number of occasions, and as a result missed **x minutes** of school, and valuable learning time, this academic year. Persistent lateness can be distressing for the child, is disruptive to the class, and can affect learning as much as absence.

We are keen to work with you and to understand if there are any barriers to arriving on time or reasons for lateness, so we can together support your child, to ensure they reach their potential. We would like to arrange a meeting with you in school. **Please can you reply with your availability.**

The school gates open at 08:30. The gates close at 08:40. Pupils must arrive in school by 8.40.

We are also obliged to inform you that we may request the support of our Attendance Officer at the Local Authority to identify and support with persistent lateness.

If you have any questions, or there is anything you wish to discuss, please do not hesitate to contact the school.

Yours sincerely

Mrs Toni Browne

Headteacher

Appendix 8 – notice to improve letter



Date

Dear

Child's name and class

School attendance is hugely important. For your child to gain the full benefit from their education, for their learning, wellbeing, and wider development, they need to attend on time, every day possible.

If a child of compulsory school age who is a registered pupil at a school fails to attend regularly at the school or fails to attend regularly, the child's parent may be guilty of an offence under s.444 Education Act 1996. If your child is a registered pupil at an alternative provision in the circumstances set out in section 444ZA of the Education Act 1996, the child's parent may be guilty of an offence.

You, «**FORENAME**» «**SURNAME**» are a parent/carer of «**Students_Name**», (called in this notice "the pupil") who is a registered pupil at «**School_Name**».

The school have offered support to you and your family to try and help improve «**Students_Name**»'s attendance, including *(delete as appropriate)*:

1. **Telephone calls.** The school contacted you every day your child was absent to understand why your child was absent and to offer their support with any issues your child may be having.
2. **An Attendance Overview Letter.** The school wrote to you, letting you know about «**Students_Name**»'s attendance, the impact of their continued absence, and inviting you to contact the school to discuss the situation further.
3. **An Attendance Support Meeting Invite.** The school invited you to a meeting to discuss your child's unauthorised absences and to offer support to ensure that their attendance improved. You were notified of the consequences should your child continue to have unauthorised absence and you did not effectively engage with the support offered.
4. **Reasonable Adjustments.** The school offered your child temporary changes to their normal timetable to support improved attendance,
5. **Improving Attendance Contract.** The school agreed a contract with you to improve your child's attendance. This included actions that both the school and you as a parent committed to.
6. **Referrals to external agencies:** The school referred your child to external agencies so they could access additional support.

Unfortunately, despite the support that was offered to your family, attendance remains a cause for concern. Between «**WARNING_START_DATE**» and «**WARNING_END_DATE**» the pupil failed to attend regularly at «**School_Name**», which resulted in 10 sessions (half days) or more of unauthorised absences being recorded. Please see the attached registration certificate for details.

You now have twenty school days (4 weeks) in which to improve your child's attendance. During this time your child must show significant improvements in attendance and avoid having any unauthorised absences from school during this period. Should we not see sufficient improvement and further unauthorised absences take place during this period, a Penalty Notice may be issued / a referral may be made to the Local Authority requesting they issue you with a Penalty Notice. A penalty notice is charged at £160 if paid within 28 days. There is usually the opportunity to pay a reduced amount of £80 if paid within 21 days if this is the first offence.

NB – A Penalty Notice may be issued as soon as an unauthorised absence is recorded.

If you wish to discuss this notice, or discuss what further support is available, please contact our team as soon as possible:

Yours sincerely

Mrs Toni Browne
Headteacher